

ACE HIGH

A touch of lift and away it goes. Long high flights are what this one is all about.

by OWEN KAMPEN

INTEREST IN RC gliders has soared to new heights, with each season bringing new converts to this relaxing yet challenging form of flight. Plans for these slim-winged beauties appear with increasing regularity in model publications, and an ever-growing number of kits are being offered.

Yet far too many would-be soarers remain grounded for reasons such as these: (1) Long wings are built with lots of ribs and other pieces, thus requiring considerable care and skill in assembly and covering to prevent bends and twists. (2) Many parts of the country are unsuitable for slope soaring, and towing devices are expensive and complicated for an individual who flies alone. (3) The need for extra RC gear can be expensive for a fun plane or for a beginner, whose pocket jingle is well below a hundred dollars.

Enter Ace High, the super solution sailplane. Wing construction is simplified through use of both straight and tapered sections of ACE R/C molded foam wings. No ribs, no spars, no warps! The launch problem is handled by a stock Cox Baby Bee engine, which puts the ship hundreds of feet high and allows plenty of minutes for thermal seeking. Purists may object to powered sailplane, but they do provide built-in slope for those who are far removed from coastal and mountain areas.

Finally, this long, lean craft can be remote-controlled with some of the most reliable and inexpensive RC equipment available—namely, the ACE Commander RO Pulse transmitter and receiver, coupled with a standard single Adams actuator. The whole package is available for about \$60. Generally overlooked in today's mad rush for digital gear, simple pulse proportional rudder updated to 1971 standards of integrated design reliability is hard to beat. With no motors to wear out or gears to break and operating with but one moving part, this system is the essence of simplicity. And it works and works and works.

The fuselage is a fast-building, modified slab-sided box which holds everything together with minimum drag. As a result, Ace High can be airborne with a minimum investment of time, effort and money. It then stays airborne to a degree which exceeds all expectations. Still air flights of six to ten minutes are common. A touch of lift and away it goes, so keep those batteries charged and ready for long, high flights.

Flight testing assistance was provided by Paul Yee and Tom Runge, who were separated by 500 miles and flew individually-built versions of the Ace High. Their test results were remarkably similar and



Pretty Jennifer Kampen poses with shining Top-Cote chrome-covered ACE High.

confirmed the soundness of the basic concept. Changes suggested by each were incorporated in the final plans shown here. My thanks to both of them.

Tom's account of the first flights follows. "George Schwarzer and I flew the first proto design of the Ace High. Knowing that changes had to be made to improve performance, we started with the original numbers and had a fast, but fairly flat test glide. Under power, the plane gained very little altitude, and the glide was a long way from floating. In subsequent flights, we consistently increased wing incidence and moved the CG back by 1/4" increments.

"By the fifth flight, we had moved the CG back to about 35 percent and the wing incidence to about +4 degrees. Under power, the Ace High from launch to engine cutoff maintained about a 30-degree climb with absolutely no lack of control or tendency to drop off or stall—almost as though it were being towed up or high-started. When the engine quit (with good transition), the ship went into a nice flat, slow, almost nose-up

glide, with fantastically quick yaw response to the stick and absolutely no stall tendency. We have yet to see the plane stall. It seems to just fly slower and slower while maintaining its altitude.

"We experimented with a built-up empennage to decrease the overall weight. Performance was improved in the glide but wind penetration was impaired because of less weight. The ship flew beautifully in fairly calm weather. To date, when flying we haven't had any thermal activity to see how the Ace High would ride on convective activity, but with the good yaw-type moves we get, the ship should have no problem staying in a thermal and riding it to its limits.

"Our next experiment is trying a T-tail configuration. The Ace High is so inherently stable and maneuverable that we're not afraid to try drastic alterations to change flight or looks. Flying was done with an ACE Pulse Commander. Elevator control was not missed—the plane just doesn't need it."

Paul Yee's comments on trimming and first flight testing will lead to success if these procedures are followed carefully. "Before test flying, align the surfaces as accurately as possible. The model must balance as shown on the plans, and the wing and stab must be straight. Check the angular difference between the wing and stab by first setting the model on a flat table and blocking up the tail until the leading and trailing edge of the stab are the same distance from the table. Now measure the distances from the wing trailing edge to the table and from the wing leading edge to the table. Make these measurements right at the fuselage side and use the faint molding lines at the leading and trailing edges of the foam wing as reference points. The leading edge should be set half an inch higher than the trailing edge.

"When ready for some test glides, block the rudder in neutral and pick a nice grassy area. Run with the model and then gently push it forward with its nose pointed slightly downwards. The model should glide at a shallow angle and then slide along the grass when it lands. However, it should not tend to skim along the top of the grass. If it dives, remove nose weight or shim up the trailing edge of the stab 1/32" at a time. However, be sure the zoom is not caused by launching with the nose pointing upwards or by launching with too much speed.

"When the glide tests look good, some powered test flights can be made. The model first should climb steadily and reach an altitude of 300 to 400 feet by the time the engine quits. Then there should be no more

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Ace High

than one or two gentle stalls as the model transitions into a nice lazy glide.

"Make any necessary corrections to the transition and glide. If the model abruptly drops its nose when the engine quits and goes from a short dive into a steep fast glide, shim up the stab trailing edge or remove some nose weight. If the model keeps stalling after the engine quits, shim up the stab leading edge or add nose weight. "Only after the transition-glide is adjusted properly should corrections be made to the powered flight. If the climb is too slow, it can be increased a little by adding engine upthrust. This is done by putting washers under the bottom engine mounting lugs. If the model climbs in steps, alternately climbing and leveling out, add engine downthrust. Finally, the model may tend to turn slightly to the left under power. This can be corrected by adding engine right thrust."

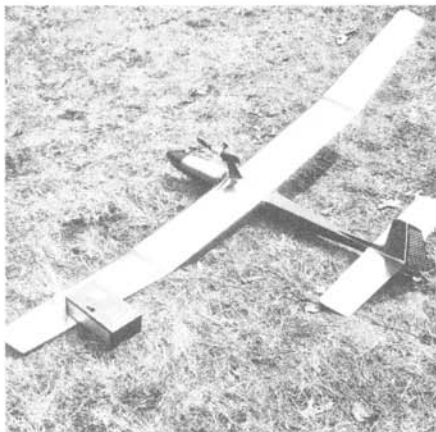
Construction

The idea of building from plans often appears too formidable for most members of the die-cut set, but a few suggestions will simplify and speed up the process. (1) Buy a set of full-size plans—don't scale up from the magazine. The time saved and accuracy gained is well worth the price. (2) If you don't want to cut up plans, buy two sets. Use one and save one. (3) Rubber cement patterns directly to the balsa sheets (the cement rubs off afterwards).

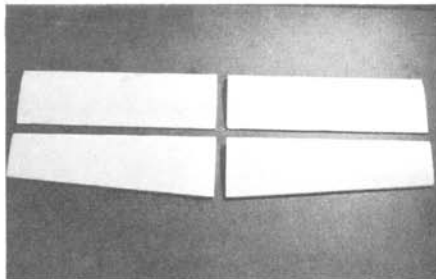
(4) Use a steel straight edge for all straight cuts. (5) Use a sharp cutting tool. (6) Follow the wood grain direction indicated. (7) Check-fit pieces before gluing. (8) Laying out the pieces carefully conserves balsa by reducing waste. (9) Use the parts as patterns to trace for a second model.

Use contact cement to glue fuselage doublers and braces in place for both a left and a right side. Formers F-2 and F-3 go in next—keep them square. Then add the other side, holding in place with weights. Clamp the tailpost in place, making sure the fuselage is evenly tapered and true. (Here is where unwanted turns get built in.) Use rubber bands or masking tape to hold F-1 in place and then add the bottom braces at the back part of the fuselage. Top and bottom sheeting come next. The nose is carved from hard balsa—either a block or laminated from sheets. The skid is glued to F-1 and F-2 before sheeting the nose bottom.

It is recommended that fiberglass reinforcements be used at the nose and tail and the whole body covered with silk or Silkspan for added strength. Use epoxy at all high stress points and especially to fit the pylon to the foam wing. Wing notes are on the plans and further information comes with the foam wings from ACE R/C.



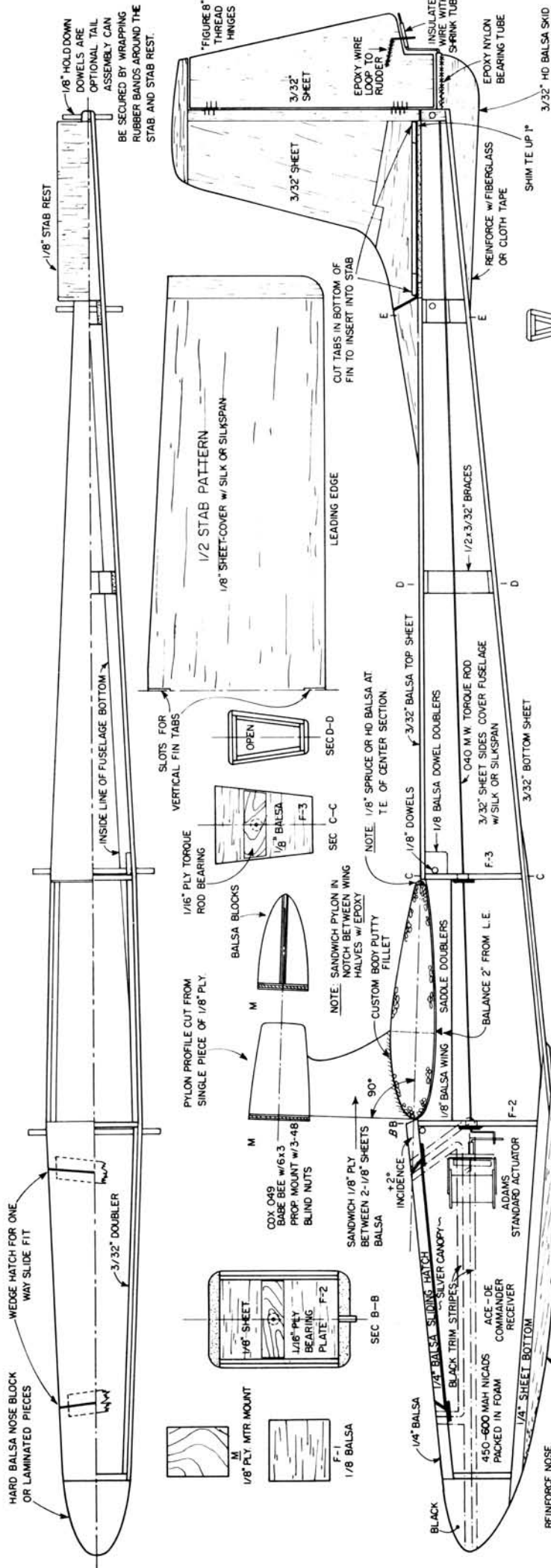
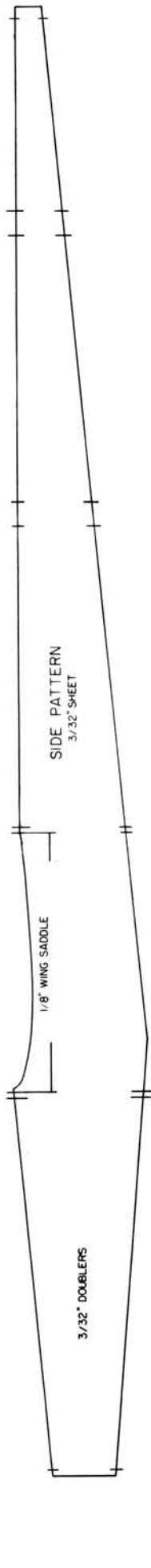
Big rudder really wheels this glider around with the Adams actuator flapping away.



ACE High uses ACE Minifoam wing sections.

While a variety of wing finishing methods have been tried, the use of polyurethane varnish is the simplest and lightest. Sears Hi-Gloss spray works very well. For a more finished look Top-Cote covering is recommended. The silver metallic variety was used on the model pictured and provides excellent visibility when it flashes in the sun. However, it tends to wrinkle under stress. Clear, transparent Top-Cote can be used as is or doped any desired color.

Install all RC gear forward of the wing and balance should not be a problem. Other details are covered in the plan notes and should be self-explanatory.



- IMPORTANT NOTE**
- WIRE TORQUE ROD MUST WORK ABSOLUTELY FREE. NO BINDING. INSTALL & ALIGN CAREFULLY.
 - CEMENT 1/16" PLY BEARING PLATES IN PLACE AFTER WIRE IS INSTALLED, TO ASSURE ACCURATE ALIGNMENT.
- WING NOTES**
- CAREFULLY ROUND L.E.
 - REMOVE FLASHING AT T.E.
 - ADD 1/8" SPRUCE OR HD Balsa AT T.E. OF CENTER SECTION
 - FINISH WING w/ 1 OR 2 COATS POLY URETHANE VARNISH THEN SAND SMOOTH, OR COVER RAW FOAM w/ DUCK-N-EASY PRODUCTS "TOP-COTE" AVAILABLE FROM ACE R/C INC.

"ACE HIGH"

DESIGNED FOR USE WING ACE R/C INC. CONSTANT CHORD & TAPERED FOAM WINGS

Wing Span - 70"
Weight (with ACE Pulse System & 049 Cox Babe Bee) - 20 oz

Designed by - Owen Kampen
Drawn by - Roman Bukalt

USE EPOXY ONLY - TO JOIN WING SECTIONS

A BEAUTIFUL COMBINATION!



Jennie Kampen proudly displays her father's Ace High Glider—this makes a beautiful combination. The third part of the combination is contained inside of the airplane and consists of the Commander R/O Standard Pulse Rudder-Only outfit. Beautiful, beautiful, beautiful!

ACE HIGH SAILPLANE KIT

Kampen Designed—
For Rudder Only Pulse

The Ace High kit features a matched set of foam wings. The constant chord section forms the center, and the taper section forms the outer panels for a graceful, easy to build, strong but flexible, high aspect ratio, wing. This method of construction overcomes the biggest single stumbling block for the beginner to the fine art of soaring. The polyhedral span is 70".

Fuselage and tail assembly is straight forward construction. Balsa and plywood is precision band sawed, and dimension sanded of the highest quality wood available.

Parts for power pod are included (Cox Babe Bee .049 recommended). Those living in the soaring areas of the country can leave off the power pod and locate hooks for high start or tow line launch.

The kit also contains step by step assembly details, matched foam wing sections, hinge material, torque rod and link parts, nylon tubing, and installation hardware for Rudder-Only Pulse Commander. (Standard Commander 10G16 recommended).

Extensively test flown for well over two years.

No. 13L104—Ace High Sailplane Kit \$14.75

September Release

Ace High Matched Foam Wing Set

For the scratch builder we're making available separately the foam wing sections matched and selected for the Ace High kit. Consists of two constant chord sections and two taper sections.

No. 13L204—Ace High Matched Wing Set \$5.50

ACCESSORIES

Check our catalog for full line of Cox, Solar Film, TopCotE, Dixon tools, and many other items ideally suited for all types of modelling.

Dear Friend:

Finally it has happened! The Ace High Glider which has been shown at many a trade show, on which we have run teaser photos in our advertising for some time, is at a point where we can answer the questions that we were asked about it. Number 1 - Plans are available in an article appearing in the September issue of American Aircraft Modeler; Number 2 - A kit for it will be ready featuring our foam wings, for September delivery.

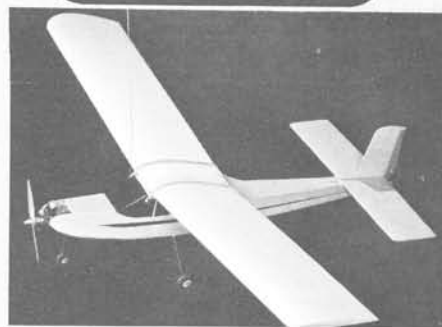
So all of you who have asked about it now have your answers. This comes after an extensively period of two years of design and evaluating and testing, and this should prove a good model for both the beginner and the expert, AND it was designed for Pulse Rudder Only—our 10G16 is recommended.

Bud Atkinson dropped by the other day with an .020 powered Micro Cat. This is a scaled down version of his famed Aristo Cat series, and he says on rudder only with a Baby and a Pee Wee it is an outstanding performer. He says it is fun of an evening to step into a vacant lot next to his house and get in 15 to 20 minutes of flying and just plain fun and relaxation.

Yours sincerely,
Paul
Paul F. Runge



P.S. We've also heard the comments that may be the little plane should be called the Aristo-Kitten, or "Putty-Cat".



DICK'S DREAM PLANE KIT For the Beginner or Expert! (Designed especially for pulse)

This kit of the Dick's Dream, designed by Owen Kampen, has been extensively test flown in various parts of the country. It has several innovations which are for the small breed of airplane specifically, and with the foam wing the beginner is assured of overcoming a big drawback to success. Features crutch type fuselage construction to assure line-up and accuracy.

Full step by step instructions to assist in building this gem of a kit, AND ultra simple installation shown for the Commander R/O Baby or Baby Twin!

Span is 34" (cut from the Ace taper wing foam sections), 5 1/2" chord, length is 25 inches. Weight with R/C gear is 12 to 14 ounces.

With a Pee Wee .020 and a Commander R/O Baby you have a docile performer and excellent trainer. If you want something hot, Tee Dee .020 with the Commander R/O Baby Twin will do the job—it'll do everything in the Rudder Only book!

No. 13L100—Dick's Dream Foam Wing \$5.95
Airplane Kit



KAMPEN'S 1/2 A RACER UPSTART CUSTOM KIT

The Upstart by Owen Kampen is the first in a series of 1/2 A Midget Race-for Fun Airplanes! Featured in RCM, this event is catching on like wild fire.

Upstart has 34" span, 6" chord, 200+ sq. in., an overall weight of 20 to 26 oz., designed specifically for two channel R/C systems or two servos of any digital set. For use with rudder and elevator only. Rudder response is so effective that ailerons are not required! Motor control is not used.

The Ace kit contains our constant chord foam wing, and is a deluxe Custom kit with all of the balsa and plywood parts band-sawed and precision-sanded from prime Micro-Cut.

This means that this is the highest quality possible and assures you of a kit that will go together accurately and quickly.

Does not contain wheels, linkage, covering material, optional spinner, or other accessories.

No. 13L102—Kampen's Upstart Custom Kit \$10.95